Triethoxy Caprylylsilane Treatment-11S



Triethoxycaprylylsilane is a very reactive surface-treating agent, because the hydrolysis of Si-O bond takes place readily in presence of moisture to form silanol.

The caprylylsilyl group is then chemically bonded to the pigment via a condensation reaction between the silanol group formed above and the hydroxyl groups of the pigment surface. This reaction is thus especially suitable for treament of metal

oxides. At the completion of the reaction, all ethoxy groups are substituted and caprylylsilyl groups are crosslinked to the pigments to form a very stable coating, even at low pH.

Silicone treated pigments disperse well in cyclomethicones. They have a very low surface tension and excellent hydrophobicity, but they sometimes have poor wettability in common organic vehicles. While they offer maximum water repellency, triethoxycaprylylsilane treated pigments, because of the lipophilic caprylyl groups, are easy to disperse in esters,

mineral oils and silicone fluids: higher pigment loading can be achieved as compared to methicone treated pigments. The treatment is also physicochemically stable, even at pH 3, has no residual methanol, and, due to the absence of Si-H bonds, has zero hydrogen potential.

| | NT 400D 446E | | Product type | |
|-----|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | MT-600B-11S5 | Titanium Dioxide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Attenuation Grade Titanium Dioxide | |
| | A120-ZNO-11S3 | | | |
| | MZO-35-11S5 | Zinc Oxide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Attenuation Grade Zinc Oxide | |
| | ZNO FSF-11S4 | | | |
| | ZNO-USP1-11S3 | | | |
| New | ZNO XZ-11S3L | | | |
| New | A1K-TiO2-11S2 | Titanium Dioxide (And) Aluminum Hydroxide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | IR Blocker | |
| New | TiO2-IR300-11S2 | | IN Blocker | |
| | BTD-11S2 | Titanium Dioxide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Pigmentary Titanium Dioxide | |
| | RBTD-671-11S2 | | riginentary reaman bloxide | |
| | BBO-11S2 | Iron Oxides (CI 77499) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Black Iron Oxide | |
| | BLACK NF-11S2 | Iron Oxides (CI 77499) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | | |
| | BRO-11S2 | Iron Oxides (CI 77491) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Red Iron Oxide | |
| | BYO-11S2 | Iron Oxides (CI 77492) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Yellow Iron Oxide | |
| | BEUB-11S2 | Ultramarines (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Ultramarine Blue | |
| | BUV CG-11S2 | | Ultramarine Violet | |
| | BFF-11S2 | Ferric Ammonium Ferrocyanide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Blue Ferric Amm. Ferrocyanide | |
| | BGCO-11S3 | Chromium Oxide Greens (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Green Chromium Oxide | |
| | BHG TM-11S2 | Chromium Hydroxide Greens (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Green Chromium Hydroxide | |
| | RED 6BA C-11S5 | Red 6 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 6 Barium Lake | |
| | RED 6SS-11S2 | Red 6 (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 6 | |
| | RED 7CA C-11S5 | Red 7 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 7 Calcium Lake | |
| | RED 27AL-11S3 | Red 27 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 27 Aluminum Lake | |
| | RED 28AL C-11S3 | Red 28 Lake (CI 45410) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 28 Aluminum Lake | |
| | RED 33AL-11S2 | Red 33 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | D&C Red No. 33 Aluminum Lake | |
| | YELLOW 5AL-11S2 | Yellow 5 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | FD&C Yellow No. 5 Aluminum Lake | |
| | YELLOW 6AL-11S2 | Yellow 6 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | FD&C Yellow No. 6 Aluminum Lake | |
| | BLUE 1AL-11S4 | Blue 1 Lake (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | FD&C Blue No. 1 Aluminum Lake | |
| New | KoboMica 1000S-11S2 | Synthetic Fluorphlogopite (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Synthetic Fluorphlogopite | |
| | GMS-11S2 MICA S-11S4 | Mica (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Sericite | |
| | TALC U-11S2 | Tala (And) Triathaurrann dulailena | Mica Talc | |
| | ASO-11S2 | Talc (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane Aluminum Starch Octenylsuccinate (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | Ialc Aluminum Starch Octenylsuccinate | |



KBL-021A

Fresh Glow Cream Blush

| Part 1 | |
|---|----------|
| • ASO-11S2 - Kobo Products: Aluminum Starch Octenylsuccinate | |
| (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | 10.00% |
| • GMS-11S2 - Kobo Products: Mica (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | 6.05% |
| BTD-11S2 - Kobo Products: Titanium Dioxide (And) | |
| Triethoxycaprylylsilane | 4.00% |
| BRO-11S2 - Kobo Products: Iron Oxides (CI 77491) | |
| (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane | 2.00% |
| • RED 27AL-11S3 - Kobo Products: Red 27 Lake (And) | |
| Triethoxycaprylylsilane | 0.75% |
| Methyl Paraben NF - International Sourcing: Methylparaben | 0.10% |
| Propyl Paraben NF - International Sourcing: Propylparaben | 0.10% |
| | |
| Part 2 | |
| • Lexol® EHP - Inolex Chemical Company: Ethylhexyl Palmitate | 43.00% |
| PM WAX 82 - Toray/Kobo Products: Polyethylene (And) | |
| Microcrystalline Wax | 3.00% |
| • KOBOGUARD® 5400 SQ - Kobo Products: Hydrogenated | |
| Polycyclopentadiene (And) Squalane | 2.00% |
| Lameform® TGI - IBASF: Polyglycerol-3 Diisostearate | 2.00% |
| Petrolatum G1958 - Sonneborn Inc: Petrolatum | 2.00% |
| • SF1642 - Momentive: C30-45 Alkyl Dimethicone | 2.00% |
| Carnauba Wax SP 63P - Strahl & Pitsch: Copernicia Cerifera | |
| (Carnauba) Wax | 1.00% |
| Microcrystalline Wax SP-89 - Strahl & Pitsch: Microcrystalline Wa | 1x 1.00% |

- Cetiol® SB 45 BASF: Shea Butter 0.50% • KTZ® CLASSIC WHITE-11S2 - Kobo Products: Mica (And) Titanium Dioxide (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane 8.50%
- KTZ® FOLIAGE FLUTTER Kobo Products: Titanium Dioxide (And) Mica (And) Iron Oxides (CI 77491) (And) Triethoxycaprylylsilane 8.50%

• DSPCS/H-12 - Kobo Products: Silica (And) Ethylene/Methacrylate 3.50% (And) Isopropyl Titanium Triisostearate

Manufacturing Procedure

- 1. Blend Part 1 and pass through a micropulverizer until the color is fully dispersed.
- 2. Heat Part 2 with T-blade stirring to 80°C.
- 3. Add Part 1 to Part 2 and mix until homogeneous using a propeller blade.
- 4. Add Part 3.
- 5. Continue to mix until uniform while maintaining temperature.
- 6. Pour at 78°C-80°C

Description

Fresh Glow Cream Blush features Kobo's 11S Silane-Treated Pigments that disperse easily and adhere well onto the skin. KOBOGUARD® 5400 SQ, resin composite, gives a water-resistant film and aids in long wear. KTZ® CLASSIC WHITE-11S2 and KTZ® FOLIAGE FLUTTER-11S2 offer a unique pearlescent effect. DSPCS/H-12 gives a lightweight feel and helps the formula transform into a powder on the skin. PM WAX 82 helps with the structure of this blush.

